

STAT INFO



16 June 2021

Corporate bankruptcies - France • May 2021

In May 2021, the aggregate number of corporate bankruptcies over the last 12 months was 29,151

- With this figure, the number of corporate bankruptcies over one year at the end of May 2021 decreased by 29.7% (see Tables A and B, and Chart 2).
- This decrease is less marked than at the end of April (- 34.6%), but this development is due to a "base effect". At the end of May 2021, the basis for calculating changes (June 2019 May 2020) includes the month of May 2020, the third month in which lockdown was put in place, which led to a reduction in the number of corporate bankruptcies: with a lower base in terms of number of bankruptcies, the variations seem less significant without the current number of bankruptcies being significantly higher. This base effect phenomenon should become more pronounced in the coming months with the gradual inclusion, in the calculation basis for variations, of the following months of 2020 characterized by the low number of bankruptcies.
- The fall in the number of corporate bankruptcies over one year does not reflect a reduction in the number of distressed firms as it results: firstly, from the temporary impact of the regulatory changes that temporarily modified the dates for characterizing and declaring a firm as insolvent; secondly, from all support measures that provide cash-flow assistance or enable firms to reduce or delay the payment of certain charges, and thus the risk of defaulting on these payments (partial activity scheme, state-guaranteed loans, solidarity fund, moratoria, etc.).
- It can be observed in all sectors of activity and for most sizes of companies, without it being possible to analyze it from an economic point of view.

To find out more: data on business start-ups are reported by the French National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies (INSEE): Business start-ups on the INSEE's website

A - Corporate bankruptcies by sector

Bankruptcies in number of legal units, year on year change (%)

				9 .		Quarter to Quarter	Monthly data		
	Aggregate over the last 12 months ^a (gross data)					sa / wda ^{bc}	sa / wda ^c		
	Apr. 20	Apr. 21	Apr. 21/Apr. 20	May 21 prov.	May 21/May 20	Apr. 21	Feb. 21	Mar. 21	Apr. 21
Business sector									
Agriculture, forestry and fishing (AZ)	1,202	1,005	-16.4 %	1,007	-8.1 %	-6.4 %	81	82	87
Industry (BE)	3,006	1,851	-38.4 %	1,893	-33.4 %	-8.2 %	79	146	159
Construction (FZ)	9,463	5,678	-40.0 %	5,875	-33.6 %	7.3 %	425	503	456
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles (G)	9,714	6,170	-36.5 %	6,208	-32.4 %	-4.7 %	450	468	445
Transportation and storage (H)	1,825	1,113	-39.0 %	1,142	-32.9 %	-1.9 %	77	111	72
Accommodation and food service activities (I)	5,844	3,525	-39.7 %	3,519	-36.5 %	-16.9 %	181	216	190
Information and communication (JZ)	1,192	846	-29.0 %	856	-23.9 %	-1.3 %	75	72	66
Financial and insurance activities (KZ)	973	675	-30.6 %	676	-27.5 %	-12.6 %	49	45	59
Real estate activities (LZ)	1,387	1,248	-10.0 %	1,257	-5.1 %	1.4 %	109	108	102
Advisory & Business support activities (MN)	5,014	3,691	-26.4 %	3,768	-20.0 %	-3.1 %	295	313	266
Education, human health and social work services,	,	,		•					
Arts, entertainment and recreation, Other service activities (P to S)	4,254	2,920	-31.4 %	2,864	-28.5 %	-16.6 %	138	212	218
All firms ^d	44,052	28,808	-34.6 %	29,151	-29.7 %	-1.6 %	2,033	2,288	2,145

Source: Banque de France – database: Fiben. Data available in early June 2021: final for April, provisional for May.

 ${\it Calculation: Banque\ de\ France-Companies\ Directorate-Companies\ Observatory}$

^a Aggregate number of corporate bankruptcies over the past 12 months compared to the same aggregate one year ago

^b Aggregate number of corporate bankruptcies over the past 3 months compared to the same aggregate three months ago

^c sa : seasonally adjusted – wda : working day adjusted

d The line « All firms » includes legal units whose business sector is not known



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B – Corporate bankruptcies by firm size

Bankruptcies in number of legal units, year on year change (%)

	Aggregate over the last 12 months ^a (gross data)					Quarter to quarter	Monthly data sa / wda ^c		
						sa / wda ^{bc}			
	Apr. 20	Apr. 21	Apr. 21/Apr. 20	May 21 prov.	May 21/May 20	Apr. 21	Feb. 21	Mar. 21	Apr. 21
Size									
SME, among them	44,017	28,759	-34.7 %	29,109	-29.7 %	-1.6 %	2,030	2,284	2,143
Micro-enterprises and unknown firm's size	41,590	27,145	-34.7 %	27,499	-29.7 %	-1.2 %	1,907	2,151	2,036
Very small firms	1,413	937	-33.7 %	944	-30.7 %	-2.2 %	59	84	73
Small firms	710	465	-34.5 %	466	-30.7 %	-7.4 %	39	29	39
Medium-sized firms	304	212	-30.3 %	200	-32.4 %	-6.4 %	25	13	10
ISE – Large Firms	35	49	40.0 %	42	7.7 %				
All firms	44,052	28,808	-34.6 %	29,151	-29.7 %	-1.6 %	2,033	2,288	2,145

Source: Banque de France – database: Fiben. Data available in early June 2021: final for April, provisional for May.

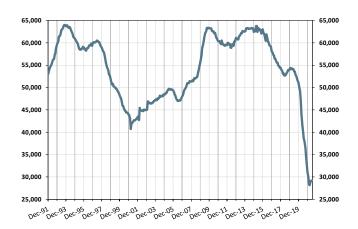
Calculation: Banque de France - Companies Directorate - Companies Observatory

- a Aggregate number of corporate bankruptcies over the past 12 months compared to the same aggregate one year ago
- ^b Aggregate number of corporate bankruptcies over the past 3 months compared to the same aggregate three months ago

C – Changes in corporate bankruptcies

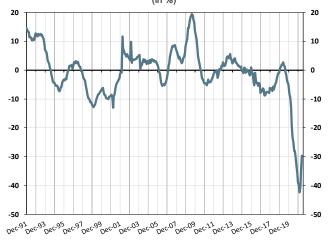
1 - Number of bankruptcies

Aggregate number of bankruptcies over the past 12 months From Dec. 1991 to April 2021 (+ May 2021 provisional)



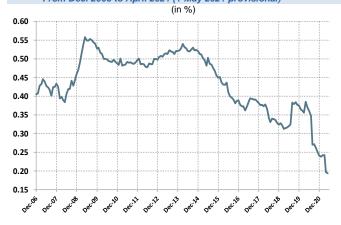
2 - Change in bankruptcies

Year-on-year change in the 12-month aggregate From Dec. 1991 to April 2021 (+ May 2021 provisional) (in %)



3 - Loan amounts of bankrupt non-financial firms over loan amount of all firms

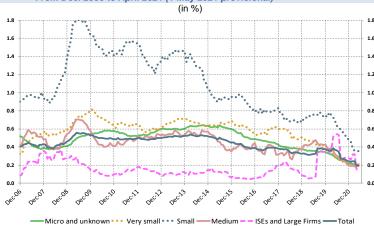
Aggregate over the past 12 months From Dec. 2006 to April 2021 (+ May 2021 provisional)



4 - Loan amounts of bankrupt non-financial firms over loan amount of all firms - broken down by firm size

Aggregate over the past 12 months

From Dec. 2006 to April 2021 (+ May 2021 provisional)



Source: Banque de France, Companies Directorate. Data available in early June 2021: final for April, provisional for May

^c sa : seasonally adjusted – wda : working day adjusted

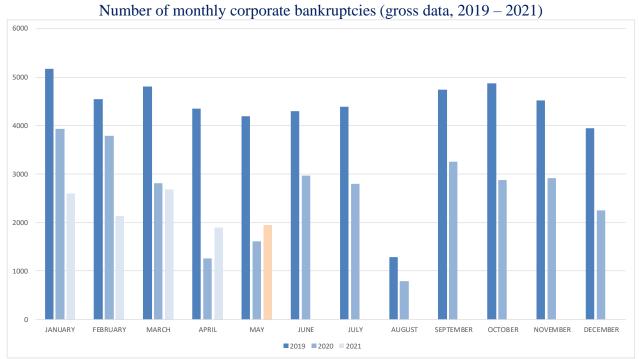


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Impact on corporate bankruptcies statistics of the government measures adopted in response to the Covid-19 crisis

In the context of the Covid-19 health crisis, at a time when economic activity slowed down sharply, putting a large number of companies in difficulty, the number of corporate bankruptcies paradoxically posted a marked decline. This can be explained firstly both by the lockdown which affected the functioning of commercial courts, and the adaptation of regulations which temporarily granted additional time both to assess the state of insolvency and to report it, and secondly, by all support measures that enable firms to reduce or delay the payment of certain charges, and thus the risk of defaulting on these payments.



Source: Banque de France, Companies Directorate. Data available in early June 2021. Note for the reader: Final data up to April 2021, provisional for May 2021.

The closure from 16 March 2020 of all courts (with the exception of courts that have to judge "essential disputes", which do not include the commercial courts) sharply reduced the activity of commercial courts, which was essentially dematerialised during the lockdown which lasted until 11 May 2020. As a result, the opening or conversion of a large number of proceedings was postponed.

At the same time, Order 2020-306 of 25 March 2020 provides that the requests for the initiation of collective proceedings, for any company considered insolvent, due to be made between 12 March 2020 and 24 June 2020, be deemed to have been made within the legal timeframe, if they are made within the legal timeframe as from 24 June 2020 (i.e. 45 days, see Article L631-4 of the French Commercial Code).

The Order 2020-341 of 27 March 2020 adapting the rules regarding companies and agricultural holdings in difficulty to the health emergency and amending certain provisions of criminal proceedings, also introduced changes likely to postpone the examination of situations of insolvency for companies whose situation worsened during the period of economic slowdown beyond 24 August 2020.

These temporary provisions have potentially produced their effects until 10 October 2020. Since that date, the relatively low number of corporate bankruptcies is due to government measures to support companies in difficulty: solidarity fund, recourse to partial activity scheme, exemptions and deferrals of social charges, measures facilitating the establishment of debt and rent payment moratoria, state guaranteed loans, direct loans from the State to companies and emergency measures for sectors in prolonged under-activity.